



1
00:00:00,000 --> 00:00:01,450
(music)

2
00:00:01,450 --> 00:00:05,430
Every year, NASA and NOAA scientists who study the ozone layer have

3
00:00:05,430 --> 00:00:07,940
expectations about how it might behave.

4
00:00:08,700 --> 00:00:12,400
This year, the ozone hole met those expectations.

5
00:00:13,760 --> 00:00:20,280
Temperature and the ozone-depleting substances in the stratosphere are two

6
00:00:20,280 --> 00:00:25,860
factors that affect the ozone layer over Antarctica.

7
00:00:26,340 --> 00:00:31,080
Atmospheric scientists track these factors from satellites, weather balloons

8
00:00:31,080 --> 00:00:35,120
and ground measurements to anticipate how the ozone layer will react.

9
00:00:36,300 --> 00:00:42,360
NASA and NOAA scientists expect the ozone hole to shrink slowly and